U.S.	IN CLERKS CAFICE	
##T	APR 25 2005 *	

UNITED STA	TES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DI	STRICT OF NEW YORK

P.M. TIME A.M.

MILJENKO TADIC

Plaintiff,

01 CV 6814 (SJ)

- against -

MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

STOLT-NIELSEN S.A., STOLT-NIELSEN, INC. STOLT PARCEL TANKER, INC., STOLT PARCEL TRANSPORTATION GROUP LTD., STOLT PRIDE, INC., STOLT ACCORD, INC., STOLT EXCELLENCE, INC., STOLT SINCERITY, INC., STOLT HERON, INC., STOLT OSPREY, INC., STOLT INTEGRITY, INC., ABC CORPORATION, UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION, OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP., CHEVRON USA INC., LYONDELL CHEMICAL COMPANY, DOW BRAZIL, S.A., DOW INTERNATIONAL, BASF AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, BP AMOCO CHEMICAL COMPANY, BP CHEMICALS LTD.

APPEARANCES:

ROBERT A. SKOBLAR 53 North Dean Street Englewood, NJ 07631 Attorney for Plaintiff

FREEHILL, HOGAN & MAHAR, LLP 80 Pine Street New York, NY 10005 By: Mark Francis Muller Attorney for Defendants Stolt-Nielsen S.A.,

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Stolt-Nielsen, Inc., Stolt Parcel Tanker, Inc., Stolt-Nielsen Transportation Group Ltd., Stolt Pride, Inc., Stolt Accord, Inc., Stolt Excellence, Inc., Stolt Sincerity, Inc., Stolt Heron, Inc., Stolt Osprey, Inc., Stolt Integrity, Inc.

DONOVAN LEISURE NEWTON & IRVINE 30 Rockerfeller Plaza
New York, NY 10112
By: Geoffrey Williams Millsom
Attorney for Defendants Union Carbide Corp.,
Dow Brazil, S.A., Dow International

PHILLIPS, LYTLE, HITCHCOCK, BLAINE & HUBER LLP 3400 HSBC Center Buffalo, NY 14203-2887 By: Paul F. Jones Attorney for Defendant Occidental Chemical Corp.

McELROY, DEUTSCH & MULVANEY, LLP Wall Street Plaza 88 Pine St. New York, NY 10005 By: Joseph P. La Sala, Robert Stanley Moskow Attorney for Defendants Chevron USA Inc., Lyondell Chemical Company, BP Amoco Chemical Company

MAYER, BROWN & PLATT
1675 Broadway
New York, NY 10019
By: Thomas Michael Mueller
Attorney for Defendant BASF Aktiengesellschaft

NELIGAN, TARPLEY, ANDREWS & FOLEY LLP 1700 Pacific Avenue #2600 Dallas, TX 75201 By: David L. Ellerbe Attorney for Defendant Dow Corning Corp. JOHNSON, Senior District Judge:

Plaintiff Miljenko Tadic ("Plaintiff") filed this action against Defendant Dow Corning Corporation ("DCC" or "Defendant") and numerous other Defendants.

Presently before this Court is Defendant DCC's Motion to Dismiss pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 12(b)(2), 12(b)(4), and 12(b)(6) based on the automatic stay, discharge, and discharge injunction proceedings of the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 362(a)(1). 1141(d)(1)(A), and 524(a)(2). Despite expiration of the deadline for filing responses, Plaintiff has neglected to respond to the Motion. For the reasons stated herein, Defendant's Motion is GRANTED pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6).

STANDARD OF REVIEW

Rule 12(b)(6) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure provides for the dismissal of a claim for "failure to state a claim upon which relief can be granted." Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(6). On a motion to dismiss a complaint under Rule 12(b)(6), a court "must accept as true all of the factual allegations set out in plaintiff's complaint, draw inferences from those allegations in the light most favorable to plaintiff, and construe the complaint liberally." Gregory v. Daly, 243 F.3d 687, 691 (2d Cir. 2001). The court should not dismiss the complaint for failure to state a claim "unless it appears beyond

¹ The Court finds that Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6) is the appropriate vehicle for dismissal. See, e.g., OLoghlin v. County of Orange, 229 F.3d 871 (9th Cir. 2000). The Court therefore will not discuss the other proposed bases for dismissal.

doubt that the plaintiff can prove no set of facts in support of his claim which would entitle him to relief." <u>Conley v. Gibson</u>, 355 U.S. 41, 45-46 (1957).

This Motion is unopposed. However, "even if a plaintiff does not oppose a motion to dismiss, a court should conduct an independent inquiry to determine whether the motion to dismiss has merit." Seaweed, Inc. v. DMA Product & Design & Marketing LLC., 219 F.Supp.2d 551, 553 (S.D.N.Y. 2002). This Court will therefore review the merits of the Motion, but will also accept the factual statements in the Motion as true since Plaintiff has not challenged the veracity of Defendant's statements.

DISCUSSION

Defendant DCC filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code on May 15, 1995. This petition is being adjudicated by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Michigan. The Bankruptcy Court signed a Confirmation Order confirming DCC's plan of reorganization on November 30, 1999 ("the Confirmation Date").

Under the Bankruptcy Code, "the confirmation of a plan . . . discharges the debtor from any debt that arose before the date of such confirmation." 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d)(1). "Debt" is defined to include "liability on a claim," 11 U.S.C. § 101(12). In this case, the Complaint alleges exposure to hazardous chemicals between 1981 and 1984, and between 1988 and October 1998. These dates all precede the Confirmation Date, and given that Plaintiff has not provided the Court with any basis to conclude

otherwise, the Court finds that the claims are discharged under Section 1141.

Therefore, the Complaint does not state a cause of action for which relief can be granted and must be dismissed pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6).

CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated herein, Defendant Dow Corning Corporation's Motion to Dismiss is GRANTED.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: April 18, 2005

Brooklyn, NY

ŝ/SJ

Senior V.S.D.J.